CAPSULE SUMMARY BA-0414 Albert and Harry Fahnestock House 600 E. Belfast Road Sparks, Baltimore County 1904-1907 Private

The Albert and Harry Fahnestock House, constructed between 1904 and 1907 in the Colonial Revival style of architecture, dates to an early 20th century period of modest growth in the area surrounding the Eighth district community of Sparks. As early as 1850, the village of Sparks and the road that connected it to Philopolis, were non-existent. The land that later became the community, lying east of the Gunpowder Falls, was traversed only by a few farms. By 1877, Sparks Road had been constructed from York Road in Philopolis to its terminus at Carroll Road. The village formed around the Sparks station along the Northern Central Railroad, and included only a school and a few dwellings along Sparks Road. By 1915, a post office was established in the village. The Sparks State Bank was erected in 1916. By the mid-20th century, the village of Sparks had declined. The area has come to encompass the neighboring community of Philopolis.

The Albert and Harry Fahnestock House is a two-and-a-half-story dwelling of wood frame construction clad in German siding on a solid random ashlar stone foundation. The three-bay-wide house has a roughly square footprint and a hipped roof clad in slate tiles that is marked by the presence of two reconstructed central interior stretcher bond brick chimneys. The house fronts south and sits back from the road at the end of a long gravel driveway. The façade features a central entry with a sash-and-paneled double-leaf wood door with multi-light leaded sidelights and transom enclosed by a circa 1920 projecting bay. Four paired twelve-light double-leaf doors, each of which has an eight-light transom, flank the entry. The central bay of the second story features two paired 6/1 windows flanked by four paired 8/1 windows on the outer bays. Three hipped-roof dormers that are clad in slate tiles project from the roof. One 8/1 window is located in each dormer. All façade openings have molded wood surrounds and square-edged wood sills. A one-story, five-bay-wide porch that spans the width of the façade shelters the first-story openings. The shallow, half-hipped roof is supported by Tuscan columns and previously featured a projecting carriage entrance that has been removed. Additionally, the porch had wrapped around to the west elevation of the house. This portion of the porch is not extant. Extending from the rear of the building is a one-story, three-bay-deep ell of wood frame construction on a random ashlar stone foundation with a reconstructed interior gable end stretcher bond brick chimney. Five historic dependencies, including an ice house, carriage house, privy, barn, and garage, are associated with the main house.

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

1. Name of F	Property	(indicate preferred i	name)			
historic	Albert and Harry	Fahnestock House (prefer	red)			
other	Horner House					
2. Location						
street and number	600 E. Belfast Ro	oad	2		not for	publication
city, town	Sparks				vicinity	1
county	Baltimore County	у				
3. Owner of	Property	(give names and mailing	addresses of all	owners)		
name	Peter Paul Horne	r, Cathine Horner Gemmil	, et al			
street and number	600 Belfast Road			telepho	one Not Ava	ilable
city, town	Sparks		state MD	zip coo	le 21152	
Contri Contri Deterr Deterr	buting Resource in buting Resource in mined Eligible for th mined Ineligible for the ded by HABS/HAEI of Structure Report	Additional Data National Register District Local Historic District e National Register/Maryla the National Register/Mary R or Research Report at MH	nd Register land Register			
6. Classifica	tion					
Category districtXbuilding(s)structuresiteobject	Ownership publicX_privateboth	Current Function agriculturecommerce/tradedefenseX_domesticeducationfunerarygovernmenthealth care	landscaperecreation/creligionsocialtransportatiwork in prounknownvacant/not	Control culture6 ion gress6		ncontributing buildings sites structure objects Total

7. Description		Inventory No. BA-0414
Condition		
excellent	deteriorated	

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

good

X fair

ruins

altered

Constructed between 1904 and 1907, the Albert and Harry Fahnestock House is a two-and-a-half-story Colonial Revival style dwelling of wood frame construction clad in German siding on a solid random ashlar stone foundation. The three-bay-wide house has a roughly square footprint and a hipped roof clad in slate tiles that is marked by the presence of two reconstructed central interior stretcher bond brick chimneys. The house fronts south and sits back from the road at the end of a long gravel driveway. The façade features a central entry with a sash-and-paneled double-leaf wood door with multi-light leaded sidelights and transom enclosed by a circa 1920 projecting bay. Four paired twelve-light double-leaf doors, each of which has an eight-light transom, flank the entry. The central bay of the second story features two paired 6/1 windows flanked by four paired 8/1 windows on the outer bays. Three hipped-roof dormers that are clad in slate tiles project from the roof. One 8/1 window is located in each dormer. All façade openings have molded wood surrounds and square-edged wood sills. A one-story, five-bay-wide porch that spans the width of the facade shelters the first-story openings. The shallow, half-hipped roof is supported by Tuscan columns and previously featured a projecting carriage entrance that has been removed. Additionally, the porch had wrapped around to the west elevation of the house. This portion of the porch is not extant. Extending from the rear of the building is a one-story, three-bay-deep ell of wood frame construction on a random ashlar stone foundation with a reconstructed interior gable end stretcher bond brick chimney.

Five historic dependencies, located to the north and northeast, are associated with the main house. The circa 1905 icehouse originated as a one-story, one-bay-square structure of solid random rubble stone construction. In the 1930s, the building was converted into a residence, and a wood frame addition was added as a second story. This first addition is clad in asphalt shingles. Circa 1950, a wood frame addition now clad in board-and-batten siding was constructed on the side of the building.

The circa 1905 stable/carriage house is a two-and-a-half-story wood frame structure clad in German siding with a hipped roof clad in slate tiles. Two square ventilated cupolas rise form the roof ridge. Projecting from the front of the deteriorating building is a one-story section of German-sided wood frame construction with two ventilated cupolas rising from the slate-tiled hip roof. The building sits on a solid random rubble stone foundation.

The one-story, one-bay-square privy is a wood frame building that dates to circa 1905. The structure is clad in German siding and features an asphalt-shingled front gable roof. The structure sits on a solid parged stone foundation.

The large concrete block barn is two-and-a-half stories tall and three bays wide with a side gable roof clad in standing seam metal. The building dates to circa 1940.

The circa 1940 garage is a one-story, one-bay-wide building with a rectangular footprint and an asphalt-shingled front gable roof over a solid concrete block structural system. Flush vertical board siding covers the gable peak.

8. Signific	ance			Inventory No. BA-0414
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and j	ustify below	
1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-1999 2000-	 X agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation 	economics education engineering entertainment/ recreation ethnic heritage exploration/ settlement	health/medicine industry invention landscape archite law literature maritime history military	performing arts philosophy politics/government ecture religion science social history transportation other:
Specific dates	1904-present		Architect/Builder	Unknown
Construction da	ites 1904-1907, 1920 ca.	,		
Evaluation for:				
	National Register	N	Maryland Register	Xnot evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

The Albert and Harry Fahnestock House, constructed between 1904 and 1907 in the Colonial Revival style of architecture, dates to an early 20th century period of modest growth in the area surrounding the Eighth district community of Sparks. As early as 1850, the village of Sparks and the road that connected it to Philopolis, were non-existent. The land that later became the community, lying east of the Gunpowder Falls, was traversed only by a few farms. By 1877, Sparks Road had been constructed from York Road in Philopolis to its terminus at Carroll Road. The village formed around the Sparks station along the Northern Central Railroad, and included only a school and a few dwellings along Sparks Road. By 1915, a post office was established in the village. The Sparks State Bank was erected in 1916. By the mid-20th century, the village of Sparks had declined. The area has come to encompass the neighboring community of Philopolis.

⁴ Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

¹ J.C. Sidney, Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys (Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850).

² Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland (Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877). ³ Map of Baltimore County (Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915).

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-0414

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979. Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property	.50 Acre		
Acreage of historical setting	Unknown		
Quadrangle name	Hereford	Quadrangle scale:	1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

Since its construction from 1904 to 1907, the Albert and Harry Fahnestock House has been associated with the 6.27 acres of land known as tax parcel 37 of map 34 located in the Baltimore County Tax Assessor's office.

11. Form Prepared by

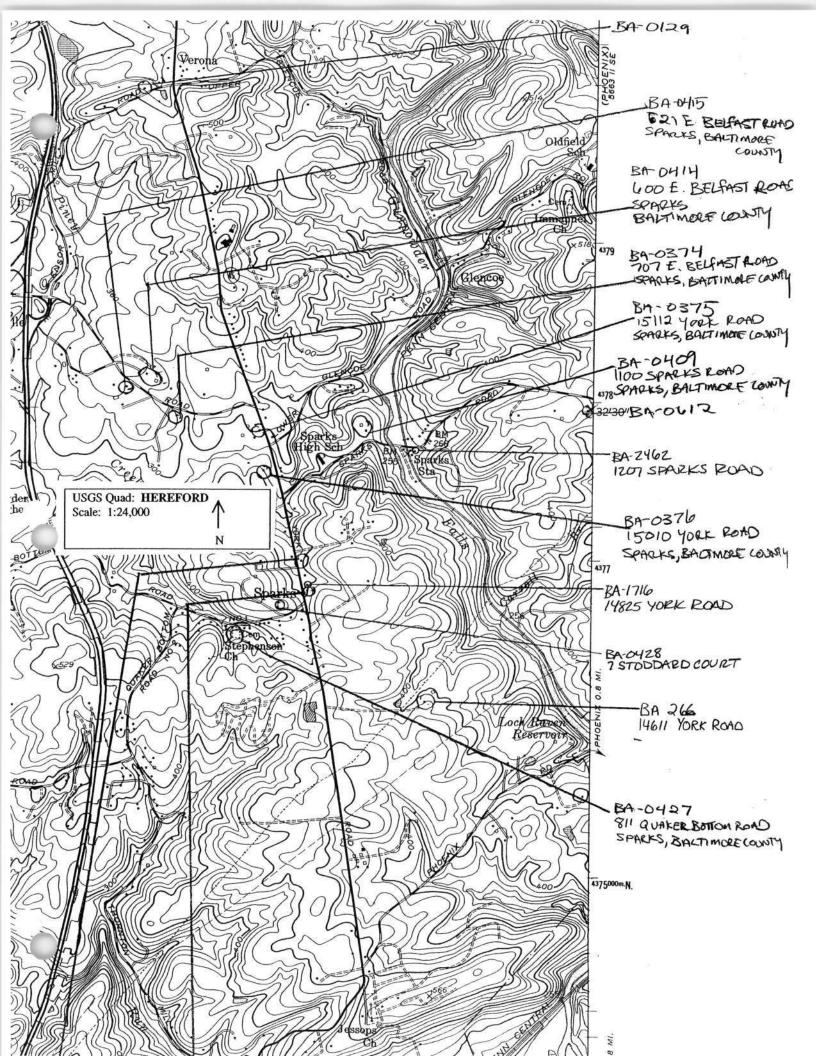
name/title	A. McDonald and A. Didden, Architectural Historians		
organization	EHT Traceries, Incorporated	date	May 29, 2001
street & number	1121 5th Street NW	telephone	202.393.1199
city or town	Washington	state	DC

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600





BA-0414 600 E BELFAST RUAD, SPARKS BALTIMORE COUNTS, MD TRACERIES 4/2001 MD SHPO

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600 E BECFAST ROAD, SPARKS
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BA-0414 600 E BELFAST ROAD, SPARKS BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES 4/2001

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OUTBUILD INGS



BA-0414 600 E BELFAST ROAD, SPARKS BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

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OUTBUILDINGS

BA-414

HORNER HOUSE - 1900-1911 - North side of Belfast Road, 0.5 mile west of York Road. Large, 2-½ story house in Colonial Revival style, with hip roof, dormers, widow's walk, double chimneys, clapboard covering. Three bays wide of double sash windows side by side. Not found in 1915 atlas, but carried in 1911 tax ledger under holdings of Albert and Harry Fahnestock, the presumed builders. Dimensions given for the "mansion" in 1918 tax ledger were 46 x 50 and 17 x 19. House passed to related family, the Horners. Excellent condition. Owner: Mary Horner.